

NOTES ON WILD
LIFE IN HONGKONG
AND SOUTH CHINA.
By the Rev. O. A.
RUNDREY, M.A.
To be had at the
"China Mail" Office.
Part 1 and Part 2
Price \$1.00

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

AGENTS
Orders for the "China Mail"
and "Overland China Mail"
may be made to our agents
the following party—
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No. 16,205.

號六十月四年五十百九千壹英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, APRIL 16, 1915.

卯乙未歲年四國民華中

PRIOR, \$3.00 Per Month

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Wine & Spirit Merchants
ESTABLISHED 74 YEARS
Agents for

MESSRS.
W. & A. GILBEY'S
WINE & SPIRITS.

MESSRS.
JOHN DEWAR & SON'S
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JOHN JEFFREY & CO'S.
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THE "CHINA MAIL"

NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should
be addressed to The Editor.

Correspondents must forward their
names and addresses with any commu-
nication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily
for publication but as evidence of good
faith.

All matter for publication should be
written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be
addressed to THE MANAGER.

Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is
\$3 per annum; per quarter and per month
"pro rata".

The "China Mail" is delivered free to
subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.

Postage is charged at the rate of fifty
cents per month.

Orders for extra copies of the "China
Mail" should be sent as soon as possible as
the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts., Credit
50 cts., per copy.

Rate of subscription to the "Overland
China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage
\$1 per annum extra. Single copies twenty
cents each.

Alterations and additions to advertise-
ments on Pages 2, 3, 4, and 7 should be
sent to the Editor, No. 2, Wyndham
Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.

Alterations and additions to advertise-
ments on pages 1, 4, 5 and 8 should be
sent in not later than 1 p.m.

New advertisements should be sent in
before 2 p.m.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which
are not ordered for a fixed period will be
continued until countermanded.

Telegraphic Address "Mail" Hongkong.
Code A.B.C. 5th Edition.

Telephone No. 22.
THE CHINA MAIL, LIMITED

VON HINDENBURG.

Commander-in-Chief of Western Armies.

According to Mr. Percival Phillips, the
"Express" special correspondent on the
Belgian frontier, the appearance of Field-
Marshal von Hindenburg in France and
Flanders as commander-in-chief of the
German western armies is being freely
predicted by both officers and men of the
Kaiser's forces now in Belgium.

All the official news circulated in the
German lines in Belgium lays stress on
von Hindenburg's brilliant strategy, and
the subsidized newspapers published in
conquered territory equally emphasize
his qualities as a great soldier.

The Kaiser's discontent with his army
commanders in the western area has
become notorious. He praised von Kluck
for his first dash towards Paris, and
afterwards soundly reprimanded him for not out-
fashioning the British.

There have been several stormy inter-
views between the Emperor and the
Bavarian Crown Prince smearing out of the
latter's conduct of the operations con-
ducted to him, while the King of Saxony
is reported to have left General Head-
quarters in a towering rage, after a con-
versation with the War Lord the bor-
dered on an open quarrel.

It has just been learned that Lieuten-
ant John Hughes, 4th Royal Welsh
Fusiliers, who was recently reported killed,
met his death while rescuing a wounded
comrade, Dr. Anderson. While he was
dragging the doctor out of range a German
deliberately shot him in the back.

LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition
of ill-health, shows your assim-
ilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the
wanted nourishing and healthy
fish-building materials. Very
palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Prices: \$1.25 and \$3.25

BUSINESS NOTICES.

STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE

Bolinder and Kelvin Motors

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.

ENGINEERS AND SHIPBUILDERS

HONGKONG TURKISH BATH & TOILET CO., LD.

NOW OPEN
LADIES DAYS MONDAYS AND TUESDAYS
CHARGES—
Turkish Bath - - - - - \$3
Electric Bath - - - - - 2
Complete Body Massage - - - 2
Simple Bath - - - - - 75 cts.

FOR MEDICAL BATH DOCTORS' PRESCRIPTION WANTED.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR VOLUNTEERS.

13 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. J. O. SOPIESS, Manager.

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK

COMPANY LIMITED.

THE SHARE CERTIFICATES Nos. 1
2410/2411 for 10 and 25 shares
respectively, numbered 12739/12740 and
35559/35560 inclusive, standing in the
Register in the joint names of George
Andrew Hastings and John Barham
Cassels, Solicitors, Liverpool & Birming-
ham, having been lost or destroyed,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
unless the said certificates be produced at
the Office of the Company, Queen's Build-
ings, Victoria, Hongkong, before the 24th
April, 1915, new certificates for the said
shares will be issued and the old certificates
will thereafter be held by the Company as
null and void.

GEO. A. CALDWELL,
Secretary.

Hongkong, March 24, 1915. 297

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF

CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
THE FORTY-SECOND ORDINARY
YEARLY MEETING of the Society will
be held at its Head Office, No. 2 Queen's
Buildings, Hongkong, on FRIDAY the
23rd April, 1915, at Noon, for the purpose
of receiving the report of the Directors
together with the statements of account to
31st December, 1914, and of declaring
Dividends etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Society
will be CLOSED from the 18th April to
the 23rd April both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. MONTAGUE EDE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, April 9, 1915. 329

CHINA TRADES INSURANCE

COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
THE FORTY-NINTH ORDINARY
YEARLY MEETING of the Company
will be held at its Head Office, No. 2
Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on FRIDAY
the 23rd April, 1915, at 12.15 p.m. for the
purpose of receiving the report of the
Directors together with the statements of
account to 31st December, 1914, and of
declaring Dividends etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Com-
pany will be CLOSED from 12th April to
the 23rd April both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. MONTAGUE EDE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, April 9, 1915. 321

THE CHINA-BORNEO COMPANY

LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWELFTH YEARLY MEETING
of Shareholders of the above Com-
pany will be held at the Company's Office,
No. 2 Queen's Buildings at Noon on FRIDAY
the 30th April, 1915, to receive a
Statement of Accounts to the 31st Decem-
ber, 1914 and the Report of the General
Manager and Consulting Committee and
to elect a Consulting Committee and
Auditor.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Com-
pany will be CLOSED from the 18th April
to the 30th April, both days inclusive.

THE CHINA-BORNEO CO., LTD.,
W. G. DABBY,
General Manager.

Hongkong, April 13, 1915. 326

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

IRON STEEL, METAL AND HARD-
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale
and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and
Foundry Lumps, Tinplates, General Store-
keepers and Shipchandeliers. Nos. 70 and
37, HING LOOKE STREET, (East Street, west
of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.

CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL IMPORT &
EXPORT.

CANTON

LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL

STORE.

FURNITURE, Draperies, Umbrellas,
Boat and Shoes,
Makers of Jewellery, Lacquered,
Crockery Ware,
Iron-mongery, Wine and Spirits,
Foreign Clothes for gentlemen made to
order by our own tailors.
Large assortment of Chinese Silks and
Foreign Goods of every description.
All goods sold at reasonable prices.
The Cheapest and Best place in Canton &
Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign
Goods.

802 PAT POO STREET,
CANTON and
Nos. 237, 239, Des Voeux Road
and No. 120, Cross Street Road Central,
Hongkong.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,

LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAILY.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.00 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
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INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

DIAMOND BRACELETS, RINGS, BROOCHES,
SILVER CUPS, TEA SETS, CIGARETTE CASES
etc., etc.,

AGENTS FOR
BENSON'S ENGLISH MADE WATCHES.

HOTEL MANSIONS: OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE.

WING KEE & CO.,

No. 47 and 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL
MERCHANTS, &c., &c. OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager.
Hongkong, March 10, 1915. TEL. 144.

THE KAILAN MINING
ADMINISTRATION.

KAIPING COAL

Now well-known throughout the East for
STEAM RAISING, FORGING, STEEL MAKING, SHIPS' BUNKERS AND
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

KAIPING COKE

Competes with the best quality English Coke for
FOUNDRY, SMELTING AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

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GARDE
FIRECLAY,
STOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND.

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LECTURE.

IN AID OF THE PRINCE OF
WALES' FUND.

SIR CHARLES ELIOT, K.C.M.G.

has kindly consented to deliver a
Lecture in aid of the above fund.

entitled "The Eastern Theatre of the
War: some reflections of an ex-

Diplomatist." at ST. ANDREW'S HALL,
CITY HALL, on FRIDAY, the 16th April.

at 8.15 p.m.

His Excellency The Governor will take
the Chair.

TT KETS. Price One Dollar, may be
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Hongkong, April 8, 1915.

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NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that

in respect of all SEASON TICKETS

available for Three Months issued on and

after 1st May, next, the respective Prices

will be as follows:—

Gentlemen ... \$36.00

Ladies ... \$18.00

Children ... \$12.00

and that the Price of Servants' Punch

Tickets available for 20 Rides will be

\$1.20.

Season Tickets expiring in April can be

extended to April 30th, on same terms

pro rata as now in force, but no three-

monthly Season Tickets and no Annual

Tickets will be issued in April.

Notice is further given that on and after

1st May next, daily return Tickets and

Annual Tickets will be abolished.

By Order of the Directors,

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,

General Managers.

Hongkong, April 1, 1915.

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NOTICE.

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nerves and brain of
the business man.
Does not burn or
irritate the
throat.

1870.

DISCLOSURES OF A DIPLOMAT.

Bismarck's Strategy as Empire-Maker.

In the Sunday edition of the "New

York Times Magazine" of Feb. 21 ap-

pears an article of great interest, and

of considerable importance. It is written

by a Veteran Diplomat, who was ori-

ginally personally acquainted with the

circumstances concerning which he writes

in well-considered phrases. The portion

of his article in which he deals with

matters connected with the declaration of

the German Empire possesses a special

claim to attention at the present time.

The information conveyed as to the mo-

tives and methods of Bismarck's policy

and diplomatic action will greatly in-

terest those who have studied the bi-

ographies and memoirs upon which we

have to rely for the history of those days,

and that is all the history that is at

present available. "A Veteran Diplo-

mat" says:

"Lord Burnham's recent publication

in his own newspaper, the London

Daily Telegraph, and reprinted in the

New York Times, of a private letter

written to him by William Bismarck,

relating a long interview with Count

(afterwards Prince) Bismarck, during the

course of which the latter spoke with

the utmost freedom, though not for

publication; and the appearance in the

foreign illustrated papers of the black-

ened ruins of the Chateau de Cerisy has

evoked certain memories of timely and

human interest which have a bearing

upon the present war.

"Bismarck was one of the most

picturesque characters of his time, al-

though now well-nigh forgotten, save by

a few old friends. As for Cerisy, who is

there, save the present Chancellor at

Berlin, the Kaiser, Prince Bulow, and a

few Prussian statesmen initiated into the

inner secrets of the domestic and for-

ign policy of the Kingdom of Prussia,

who know or remember the manner in

which this chateau figured in the crea-

tion of the German Empire of to-day?

"Bismarck's name is never men-

tioned to-day in the dominions of the

Kaiser, and if every effort has been

made to hush up the brief story which

I am now about to tell, it is because

it throws a somewhat unpleasant light

upon the difficulties which Bismarck en-

countered in 1870 in securing the consent

of the various non-Prussian States of

Germany to the creation of a new Teuton

Empire, under the virtual supremacy

and control of Prussia, with the Ruler

of the latter as Kaiser. The Sovereigns

of these non-Prussian States of Germany

and their Prime Ministers, were all of

them, save in the Grand Duchy of

Raden, opposed to the plan, and fought

it tooth and nail. Suddenly, as if by

common consent, they surrendered, and

not only abandoned their antagonism to

the project, but actually became cham-

pions thereof.

"The reason for this startling change

was connected with the Chateau of Ce-

risy, the very name of which filled them

with much terror as completely to wilt

their opposition. In view of the persis-

tent reports that came to us from the

Old World of the growing bitterness of

the people of Southern Germany—the

so-called 'Muss-Prussien' (Prussians by

force)—who complained that their soldiers

and their interests have been sacrificed

to the present war to Prussia, and whose

growing desire for a speedy termination

of the conflict is causing grave concern

in Berlin, it is particularly important

just at the present juncture that the

methods by which they were brought

under the domination of Prussia forty

four years ago should be made known:

all the more so as the entire which then

expressed so determining an influence

upon the rulers and statesmen of the

other German States no longer possess

the same weight. For this Sovereigns

and Ministers whom Bismarck was able

to persuade, thanks to Cerisy, near half

a century ago, are no longer in the land

of the living.

THE CHATEAU OF CERISY.

"Cerisy was the country seat of

Eugene Rouher, the most notable figure

of the reign of Napoleon III., the latter's

most trusted and influential adviser, both

in and out of office, so powerful that he

was used to be nicknamed the Vice-Emperor,

and when Zola has portrayed under the

transparent pseudonym of 'Son' Exce-

llence Eugene Rouher in his popular

novel of that name. As one of the pri-

ncipal organisers of the sanguinary coup

d'etat of December, 1871, which trans-

formed France once more from a Re-

public into a Monarchy, Rouher was in

a position to appreciate the weakness of

the foundations of the Throne, which

born of one Revolution, was always in

danger of succumbing to another.

"No never lost sight of the role which

the people of Paris have ever played in

bringing about the downfall of the suc-

cessive forms of government in France,

and was quick to realise, when the war

of 1870 became inevitable, that with

the departure for the front of the picked

troops of the Guard, constituting the

metropolitan garrison, and by whom alone

the mob had been kept under control,

the first steps of any reverse sustained

by French arms would result in a rising

on the banks of the Seine against the

Imperial regime. Accordingly, with the

consent of Napoleon III., all the later

confidential papers at the Tuileries,

among them his correspondence with for-

ign sovereigns and statesmen, as well

as the most important documents from

the files and archives of the Ministry of

Foreign Affairs, on the Quai d'Orsay,

were hurriedly removed by Rouher to

his chateau of Cerisy, so as to prevent

them from falling into the hands of the

Paris populace, in the event of its break-

ing loose once more.

PAPERS IN PACKING-CASES.

"Almost from the very outset of the

campaign things went badly for France.

She sustained one defeat after another,

and when the crowning disaster came

at Sedan, where Napoleon III. surren-

dered both himself and the army under

his command, to the Germans, in order

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PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on
TUESDAY,
the 20th April, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, &c., &c.
As follows:—
Drawing Room Suites, Bedroom Furniture, Dining Room Furniture, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Carpets and Rugs, Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Toilet Tables, Wardrobes, Washstands, &c., Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, &c., &c., Dinner and Dessert Services, Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, &c., &c., &c.
Also
Blackwood Cabinets, 1 fine 4-fold Blackwood Screen (Porcelain Panels), and Blackwood Fire Screen, Stands, Teapots, Scones, &c., Two Place One by Arthur Allison & Co. and One by Steinberg, Marble Clock, American Safe, &c., &c.
(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
Terms:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, April 12, 1915. 332

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (on account of the deceased), on
THURSDAY,
the 22nd April, 1915, at 2.30 p.m., at No. 14, Knutsford Terrace, Kowloon,
SUNDAY
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
therein contained,
Consisting of:—
Teakwood Dining Table and Dining Wagon, Wardrobes, Washstands and Dressing Tables, Double Brass-mounted Bed, Rattan Arm-chairs and Tables, Crockery and Glass Ware, Ice Chest, Shanghai Baths and Commode, Cooking Stove and Utensils,
Also
About 6 Doz. Novels by best Authors, Tennis Net, Poles and Balls, Baby's Perambulator and One Rubber Tyred Tricycle.
Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, April 14, 1915. 340

PUBLIC AUCTION
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on
FRIDAY,
the 23rd April, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
A QUANTITY OF
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, &c., &c.
As follows:—
TEAKWOOD.—Drawing Room Suites, Chesterfield Sofa and Chairs (new), Bedroom Suites, Dining Room Furniture, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Toilet Tables, Wardrobes, Washstands, &c., Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, &c., &c.
BLACKWOOD.—Cabinets, Chair, Flower Stands, Brackets, Marble-top Tables, Card Tables, Stools, Photo Frames, &c., &c.
Also
Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Dinner and Dessert Services, Cutlery, Crockery, Stoves, Carpets and Rugs, Kitchen Utensils, Fenders and Fire Brackets, Glass and E.P. Ware, Electric Reading Lamps, &c., &c.
Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, April 14, 1915. 341

FOR a good solid meal, a la carte or Table d'Hôte, with Wines & Liquors of the best. **ALEXANDRA CAFE.**

AUCTIONS.
PUBLIC AUCTION.
A VALUABLE COLLECTION OF
ANTIQUE CHINESE CURIOS,
RECENTLY ARRIVED FROM HONGKONG.
THE Undersigned have received instructions from Mr. YOUNG MAY KEE, to sell by Public Auction, (mostly without reserve) on
SATURDAY,
the 17th April, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
A LARGE & VALUABLE
COLLECTION OF ANTIQUE
CHINESE PORCELAINS,
&c., &c., &c.
(the property of Mr. TAY FING, late Governor of Swatow.)
Comprising:—
Kanghi Coloured Vases, Plates, Bowls, Jars, Incense Burners, &c., &c., Yung-hing Famille Rose and Blue and White, Vases, Plates, Jars, Bowls, Pots, 5-Coloured Porcelain Panel Screens,
Also
A fine selection of Embroideries, Old Kake-monos, Bamboo Carvings, Bronze Incense Burners and Vases, Carved & Lacquered Screens, &c., &c., &c.
A few lots of Crystal, Agate and Jade Ornaments, &c., &c.
N.B.—The Undersigned will give a week's guarantee as to the genuineness of the articles offered.
Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, April 7, 1915. 314

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND Conditions of the
Leasing by Public Auction Sale, to be held on **MONDAY,** the 19th day of April, 1915, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of **CROWN LAND** at Star Street, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

Particulars of the Lot.									
No. of the Lot.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Area in Acres, Roods, and Poles.	Estimated Value.	Annual Rent.	Rate of Interest.	Capital.	Interest.	Total.
1.	Opposite the Public Works Department, Star Street.	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1.0000	100.00	10.00	10%	100.00	10.00	110.00

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.
NOTICE.
THE HALF-YEARLY MEETING of the above Club will be held on **SATURDAY,** the 24th April, 1915, at 12.30 p.m., at the Office of the Hongkong Jockey Club, on the Ground Floor of the Hongkong Club Annex, Chester Road.
By Order,
T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, April 10, 1915. 335

JAPANESE MAKERS.
Every kind of Footwear.
MADE TO ORDER.
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PEDDER STREET,
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Telephone No. 491.
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

FRENCH LESSONS
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15, MORRISON HILL ROAD.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION NO. 1.
Cures Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Migraine, Headache, Backache, Stiffness, Pain, Swelling, Inflammation, Ulcers, Burns, Scalds, Frost-bites, Eczema, Psoriasis, Lichen, Scabies, Itch, Pruritus, Erythema, Dermatitis, Erysipelas, Carbuncles, Abscesses, Empyema, Pilonidal Sinus, Hemorrhoids, Piles, Fistulae, Varicose Veins, Ulcers of the Legs, and all other skin diseases.
THERAPION NO. 2.
Cures Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Stricture, Prostatitis, Vesiculitis, Epididymitis, Orchitis, Testicular Abscess, and all other diseases of the Urinary and Reproductive Systems.
THERAPION NO. 3.
Cures Tuberculosis, Consumption, Phthisis, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Emphysema, Pleurisy, Peritonitis, Appendicitis, Diverticulitis, and all other diseases of the Thoracic, Abdominal, and Pelvic Organs.
THERAPION NO. 4.
Cures Diabetes Mellitus, Diabetes Insipidus, Hyperthyroidism, Hypothyroidism, Addison's Disease, and all other diseases of the Endocrine Glands.
THERAPION NO. 5.
Cures Hypertension, Atherosclerosis, Coronary Artery Disease, Myocardial Infarction, Angina Pectoris, and all other diseases of the Cardiovascular System.
THERAPION NO. 6.
Cures Anemia, Leukemia, Lymphoma, and all other diseases of the Blood and Lymphatic System.
THERAPION NO. 7.
Cures Cancer, Sarcoma, and all other malignant diseases.
THERAPION NO. 8.
Cures Neurosis, Psychosis, Epilepsy, and all other diseases of the Nervous System.
THERAPION NO. 9.
Cures Alcoholism, Drug Addiction, and all other habits.
THERAPION NO. 10.
Cures all diseases of the Skin and Hair.


BY TELEGRAPH.
THE WAR.
(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5.)
(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)
SIR JOHN FRENCH'S DESPATCH.
(Continued from Yesterday.)

LONDON, April 14.
Further south, the 25th Brigade, towards Pietro, were similarly held up by machine-gun. The 25th Brigade, on the night of the 24th, were also held up by machine-guns from the bridge of the river Des Luyes. North-west of Bois Dubiez the Debradun and Jullander Brigades moved to the attack of Bois Dubiez, but were held up on the line of the river Des Luyes by an enfilading fire from a defended bridge which was assuming considerable importance. Artillery was brought to bear on the bridge, while Sir Douglas Haig directed the 1st Corps to despatch some battalions to support an attack on the bridge. But, darkness falling, and the enemy receiving reinforcements, further progress was not attainable. The 4th and Indian Corps then proceeded to consolidate the position, and whilst these operations were proceeding the 1st Corps attacked Givenchy, but the enemy wire entanglements were insufficiently cut and little progress was possible.
The 4th and Indian Corps renewed their attack on March 11th and it was soon seen that further advance would be impossible till artillery had dealt with various houses and defended localities. Efforts were made thus to direct artillery fire, but as the weather did not permit of aerial observation, and telephonic communication was broken, it was impossible to do this with sufficient accuracy. Even when our troops stormed houses here and there it was impossible to check our artillery, and consequently the infantry had to withdraw. The same unfavourable conditions prevailed on Mar 12th. The 4th and Indian Corps gallantly attempted to capture strongly fortified positions, but they were unable to maintain themselves, although they succeeded in holding them for some hours.
The Germans violently counter-attacked, supported by artillery, but they were easily repulsed.
As most of the objects had been attained, the offensive operations were suspended and the ground held was consolidated.
The cavalry were in readiness to follow up the infantry success. The 5th Cavalry Brigade made a considerable advance, but the situation was not so favourable as we hoped. Consequently, no further action by cavalry was advisable. Artillery of all kinds were handled with the utmost energy and skill, and rendered invaluable support.
Sir John French declares that the estimate of the battle is best expressed in his Order to Sir Douglas Haig, conveying the warmest appreciation of the skilful manner in which the orders were carried out, and his fervent appreciation of the magnificent gallantry and devoted and tenacious courage of all ranks whom Sir Douglas Haig so ably led to victory.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.
Field Marshal French concludes: "The Prince of Wales is the bearer of this despatch. His Royal Highness continues to make the most satisfactory progress. He was on my staff as liaison officer at the battle of Neuve Chapelle, and the reports of the General agree in commending him for his thoroughness. I myself was very favourably impressed with the quickness with which His Royal Highness has acquired knowledge on service and his deep interest in the welfare of the men, who greatly appreciate his visits. The Prince did duty for a time in the trenches with his battalion.
Sir John French also warmly commends the untiring devotion of the Bishop of London and his able and devoted assistance.
Lieutenant-General Sir William Robertson and many other names form the subject of a separate report.

MINOR ACTIONS REFERRED TO.
Among the minor actions reported in Sir John French's despatch may be cited the engagement on February 6th in south Labasse, on the ground known as the Brickstacks, which was a source of considerable annoyance to our men. A severe bombardment at two in the afternoon was preceded by a brisk attack by the 3rd Coldstream and the Irish Guards, supported by fire from flanking positions which were seized overnight by the same regiments. The attack succeeded, and we carried our line to 40 yards east of the Brickstacks. The casualties suffered by the 5th Corps in February were heavier than at any other parts of the line. The positions they occupied were very vulnerable. The ground was very marshy and the trenches difficult to construct and maintain. The 27th and 28th Divisions had had no previous experience of European warfare, and many of the units had just returned from service in tropical climates. Consequently, they suffered most severely from the hardship of a rigorous winter campaign. Chiefly owing to these causes, the 5th Corps was constantly engaged in counter-attacks to recapture the ground previously lost. Nevertheless, the troops behaved with the utmost gallantry and devotion, and surmounted all the difficulties.
During February, the enemy made several attempts to break through the line, but were invariably repulsed; particularly a vigorous attempt was made on February 17th and was brilliantly repulsed by Indian troops. On February 28th Canadian troops of Princess Patricia's regiment scored a success near St. Eloi and captured a trench.
Field Marshal French acknowledges the valuable services of this distinguished corps, so ably organised, trained and commanded by Colonel Farquhar, whose death while superintending trench works was a great loss.
By arrangement with General Foch, the British Cavalry Corps relieved the 9th French Corps in a portion of the French trenches for one month. In deference to a strong desire of the Commander of the Indian Cavalry Corps arrangements were made whereby the various units of the Indian Cavalry took turns in the trenches and gained valuable experience in trench warfare. Drafts for the Indian contingents have much improved lately, and are now quite satisfactory.
The action at St. Eloi on March 14th centred round a large mound south-east of the village. The Germans directed their heaviest bombardments on our trenches, and exploded a mine under the mound, simultaneously launching a strong infantry attack. Our artillery and infantry inflicted loss on the enemy during the advance, but they nevertheless penetrated our first line of trenches at several points. The garrisons of other works, which successfully resisted assault, were exposed to an enfilading fire and compelled to retire. Counter-attacks by the 82nd Brigade, supported by the 80th, carried out under difficult conditions, resulted in the recapture of all lost ground of material importance.
The following units received special commendation for gallant behaviour in this fighting:—The 2nd Irish Fusiliers, 2nd Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Leinsters, 4th Rifles and Princess Patricia's Regt. Field Marshal French pays a tribute to the invincible courage and remarkable resource of the patrols, who were led with consummate skill and daring. They established moral superiority over the enemy, and collected valuable information.
The Flying Corps continues to render services of the greatest value. Notwithstanding the unfavourable weather, continuous and close reconnoissances of the enemy front have been made, and certain new and important forms of aerial activity, which it is not desirable to specify, have been initiated and pushed forward with vigour and success. The aircraft of the enemy have not shown great activity, but whenever and wherever they were met and attacked they were usually forced down or collected valuable information.
The general health of the army is excellent, and enteric has decreased. The foot trouble, which was so threatening in December and January has not recurred on any appreciable scale.

BY TELEGRAPH.
These results are due to the skill, energy and work of the Army Medical Corps, under Surgeon-General O'Donnell, also to the precautions of the various Commanders supervising the establishment and efficient maintenance of bathing places, washhouses and the ingenious means employed to maintain cleanliness.
Referring to the Territorial troops, the Field Marshal says they acquitted themselves with the utmost credit in some of the most critical moments of the fighting in March. He was much impressed by their value.
The increased strength of the Force, and the gradual exhaustion of local resources, had thrown a bigger strain on the lines of communication, nevertheless, worked with smoothness and regularity.
The Field Marshal affirms that he can well understand how deeply the casualties are felt by the nation, but they are being endured upon at least an equal scale by all the combatants.

Ask for Horlick's.
It is well worth trying, and will mean good health for you, as Horlick's Malted Milk assists Nature in repairing and building up wasted tissue.
It is always acceptable—delicious to the taste, and made in a moment—no cooking.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
Of all Chemists and Grocers in 3 sizes, 1 lb., 2 lb. and 11 lb. (in England).


THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE ENGLISH TAILORS IN THE COLONY.
Disc Brod.
No. 1, WYNDHAM ST.
Over Street.
ESTABLISHED 1909.

1970.
(Continued from page 5.)
PORTLAND BRICKS FEARED.
"That" had the effect of silencing Bismarck on the subject of Cerrey. He did not relish the idea of the story of these negotiations of his with France being laid bare to the Southern States of Germany, which he was seeking to conciliate in order to cement the unity of the new-fledged empire. Moreover, he realised empire. Were the people of Wurttemberg, Bavaria, and Hesse in their enthusiasm over Germany's victories, to become aware that their rulers and their Premiers had been secretly negotiating with Napoleon III. for a French invasion of Prussia, with their assistance, and the co-operation of Austria, popular risings would take place at Munich, Stuttgart, and Darmstadt which would sweep the Premiers in question from office, possibly, also, the rulers of the three German States concerned, in which event they would be replaced by men beyond his power to terrify by means of the papers of the Chateau de Cerrey.
"Only one of the papers of Cerrey ever got into the German Press, independently of Bismarck. Several weeks after the transfer of the papers from Cerrey to Versailles the Chateau was visited by M. von Wachenhausen, the war correspondent of the Koelnische Zeitung. By chance he found, in a corner of one of the rooms of the mansion, a letter which had been overlooked. It was a confidential note from Baron von Dalwigk, Prime Minister of Hesse, to Eugene Rouher, written at the time of the Luxembourg crisis in 1867, and in it he declared that while the Hessians and the South Germans did not desire war, yet if that war came they would all receive the French with open arms. This letter was published in the Koelnische Zeitung at the time, received a few days later a sort of official denial from Berlin, and Herr von Wachenhausen was compelled by order of Prince Bismarck to surrender to him the original. Moreover, the remainder of the German Press was prohibited from referring to the matter.
MEETINGS AT VERSAILLES.
"Ignorant of the find of Cerrey, the bitterly anti-Prussian Prime Minister of Bavaria, Count Bruy, the equally Prussian Premier of Wurttemberg, Baron von Varnbuler, the Hessian Minister of State, Baron von Dalwigk, &c., arrived at Versailles toward the latter part of October, 1870, in response to an urgent summons from Bismarck. His emissaries of Munich, Stuttgart, and Darmstadt had entirely failed to remove the opposition of these statesmen, and of their sovereigns to the project for the organisation of a United German Empire, under the supremacy of Prussia, with the ruler of the latter kingdom as hereditary Kaiser. They arrived at Versailles more determined than ever in their resolve not to yield, bearing instructions from their respective monarchs to that effect. Indeed, the Kings of Bavaria and Wurttemberg declared that they would sooner abdicate than submit to the King of Prussia as German Emperor.
Lord "Old" Russell, afterward Lord Ampthill, was a great admirer of Bismarck, especially of his wonderful accomplishments—his musical talents were altogether extraordinary—and of his ability as a statesman. He was one of the most entertaining of raconteurs, and there is only one thing that I always used to be afraid of with Bismarck when he was here, remarked Lord Odo to me on one occasion at the embassy at Berlin. "I was always alarmed lest he should address my wife as Emily"—that was the Christian name of the Ambassador.
The fact was that Bismarck-Kingston, who stood 6ft. 4in. in his stockings, stalwart and burly in proportion, bearded like a pard, high-coloured, with a voice and a laugh of the most scintillating character, his hat always rakishly perched on one side of his head, and with a perfectly imitable cavalry swagger, was entirely devoid of the humor of reveries. Rank had no awe for him whatsoever. His effrontery with the great of the earth was colossal, of a nature to paralyse old-fashioned courtiers, envoys, and dignitaries of State.
Thus, I remember on one occasion, when King Edward, then still Prince of Wales, was at Vienna, walking with his cousin, Prince Victor-Hohenlohe, more generally known as Admiral Count Gleichen, and with the late Archduke Charles Louis, while the British Ambassador, the members of his staff, and of the Royal and Imperial suite followed respectfully in the rear, Bismarck-Kingston suddenly strode up, administered a terrific thump with the flat of his hand on the broad back of Prince Victor, almost bowling him over, by way of greeting, and then proceeded to stride along with the three Princes, airing his views in a loud voice, to the intense and unbecoming amusement of the British householders, the amazement of the Archduke, and the discomposure of Prince Victor.
"FRIEND OF MANY KINGS."
On another occasion, at a great State function, also at Vienna—it was an opera affair, for which Bismarck-Kingston had been unable to secure an invitation he arrived in a gorgeous equipage at the entrance, arrayed in the magnificent uniform of a Carlist colonel—he had accompanied Don Carlos through most of his insurrectionary campaigns—and on being asked for his card of admission, pointed to the Orders of Knighthood with which his broad chest was adorned with such a magnificent and commanding air that the gate-keepers made way for him with low bows, convinced that they had some great foreign military dignitary before them, instead of a correspondent of The Daily Telegraph.
"It was just this utter lack of reverence that rendered him so amusing and entertaining. The stories of which he was the hero would fill volumes. Many of them he told against himself. Royalty enjoyed him keenly. It pleased the Anointed of the Lord and the great of the earth to meet a man without a trace of the obsequiousness that characterised the majority of those by whom they were approached, and who was able to carry off his bluntness of speech by his wit, his drollery, and his interesting conversation.
"He was the friend of many Kings. They knew that they could depend upon him to appear upon the scene in any moment of crisis and of danger in their lives, and that, especially if their cause was good they could rely upon his powerful support in the English Press. A description of his relations with them will be found in that perfectly truthful and thoroughly characteristic book of his, 'Monarchs I Have Met.'
NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.
IN WHICH ARE PLACED THE SHARES OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.,
and
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TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1914
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—Authorized Capital £20,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,000,000
Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
—Fire Fund £2,000,000
—Life & Annuity Fund £1,000,000
Sinking Fund Account £5,012,185
Revenue Fire Branch £5,012,185
"Life and Annuity Branches 1,975,999
Revenue Marine Department 222,625
Other Receipts 430,199
£23,022,185
The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.
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SCOTCH WHISKY.

	Per Case of 12 Bottles	Per Bottle
B. WATSON'S GLENROCHY	\$19.50	\$1.63
E. WATSON'S VERY OLD LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKY	24.15	2.01
WATSON'S O.B.C.	25.25	2.10
"KILTY" LIQUEUR WHISKY, Great Age, Very Fine	41.50	3.46
THORNE'S BLACK SQUARE	25.25	2.10

Other Well-known Brands Supplied To Order.

Our Celebrated **E** very old Liqueur Scotch Whisky is a blend of the best Pot Distilled Scotch Whiskies. It is of great age, very fine, and mellow. Its superior quality has established its reputation as THE LEADING SCOTCH WHISKY IN THE EAST.

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HIGH-CLASS TAILORS

JUST RECEIVED THE

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SUMMER
MATERIALS

FIT & STYLE GUARANTEED

WM. POWELL, LTD.

THE DIARY.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY.

9.15 p.m.—"Nobody's Daughter" at the Theatre Royal.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Antique Chinese Curio at Messrs. Hughes and Hughes.
3 p.m.—First Gymkhana, Race Course, Happy Valley.
9.15 p.m.—"What the Butler Saw" at the Theatre Royal.

General Memoranda.

Monday, April 19.—
Noon.—H.K. Schools' Athletic Sports.
3 p.m.—Auction of Crown Land at P.W.D.
9.15 p.m.—"Three Terrible Twins" at the Theatre Royal.

Tuesday, April 20.—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Tackwood and Blackwood Furniture, etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hughes.
9.15 p.m.—"Diary of Dobson's" at the Theatre Royal.

Wednesday, April 21.—
9.15 p.m.—"Under Two Flags" at the Theatre Royal.

Friday, April 23.—
St. George's Day.
Noon.—Union Insurance Society's Meeting.
12.15 p.m.—China Traders' Insurance Co's Meeting.

Saturday, April 24.—
2.30 p.m.—H.K. Jockey Club Half-yearly Meeting.
Fri., Sat., Sun., & Monday, April 25.—
"The Grapes" at the Theatre Royal.

Sunday, April 26.—
H.R. G. Prince's Birthday (1897).
Wednesday, April 28.—
H.K. Stock Exchange Betting Day.

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY

G. RAMMING & Co., Ltd.

Chemists and Druggists.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY DISPENSED.

Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, &c.

2A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, July 1912.

have been printed in Chicago, the world-war is promised for 1914. Of course the uprising of China is to be witnessed. The anonymous author holds that China, goaded by Japan, marches on Russia. At the same time Austria begins a campaign against Russia in which Germany, France, and England become involved. The Orient is in flames. In North Africa the Holy War is being preached because the Moslems wish to free themselves from England and France and set up the great Caliphate. Finally their peril dawns on the understanding of the European Powers, and the Turks are driven out of Europe just as were the Mongols. The result is: Europe for the Europeans.

It is too bad, says this critic, that so many people take such childish prophesying seriously; and he pauses for a moment to rap our English diviner, known as "Old Moore," whose forecasts are described as being very often inaccurate, despite their wide reputation in England. His world-famous competitor, Madame de Thibbes, of Paris, however, has been rather better served by the fall events. De Thibbes is an assumed name, we read, of a well-known Frenchwoman of aristocratic lineage and she practises the palmist method. Reading the hands of foreigners, she announces what is to happen in their country; and, the writer remarks, if she finds the palm of an Englishman, of an Austrian, or of a German hot and nervous, she interprets it as a sign that their respective countries are facing either war or revolution. It is a known fact that certain statesmen of reigning houses have visited Madame de Thibbes when they were sojourning in Paris, and we read that: "This indubitably clever woman, after many false predictions, has at last achieved a sensational success. In her Astrological Year-Book for 1913, she foretold for Austria-Hungary: 'The prince who awaits the Imperial throne shall not reign; in his stead shall rule a young man who at present has no thought of succeeding to the throne.' Again, in her Year-Book for 1914, one finds this saying: 'The tragedy in the Imperial House of Austria, which was foretold a year ago, will come to pass. No one is able to ward off destiny. Madame de Thibbes has an international clientele. Russian grand dukes are frequently in Paris, as are Serbian princes and dignitaries. Superstitions persons easily disclose what is in their minds, a statement that will be confirmed by every card-reader. Madame de Thibbes is a shrewd, worldly-wise woman, who, from single words, from an expression or look even, can put together many combinations. . . . And it may be she was better informed about Germany's forces than her compatriots; it may be she knew, too, the weaknesses of the French Army and the nature of the English character when she wrote this forecast: 'Belgium as a State has a shorter life to live than she has already lived.'"

The writer then goes on to mention the booklet that appeared in Berlin in 1897, in which, on "an astrological-physiological basis," it was predicted that a world-war would occur between 1904 and 1932. "The high mark of the struggle," spoke this prophet, "of this conflict among European nations, into which the Mongolian race shall be permitted to enter after a certain period, will occur some time between 1910 and 1920." This prophecy is wholly fulfilled, says our commentator, and cites particularly the inclusion of Japan in the fray. That he does not attach too much importance to the profession of prophecy, however, is plain from his remark that other predictions which have not proved quite so exact might have served as fore-warnings. Not a few people in Europe can lay claim to clairvoyant powers, and he adds that "whoever has a clear eye for the present and a thorough understanding and knowledge of the past may disclose a gleam of the future. Many of his predictions coming true will astonish those who ever and always wander amid the dark shadows of the soul, and who are ever a welcome prey to those who can find 'good fishing' in troubled waters."

The American Consulate General, in connection with American diplomats and consular officers throughout the world, had closed yesterday, the fiftieth anniversary of Abraham Lincoln's death. Plans were being made for a grand celebration and a parade in the city.

The Onger Machinery Company, defendants in an action instituted in the Supreme Court by Messrs. Shaw, Thomas and Co., for \$394, has filed a claim against Messrs. Shaw, Thomas and Co. for \$300, under a previous contract the action was mentioned before Mr. Justice Hall and this morning and adjourned one week.

Mr. Scull, manager at the Hongkong Jockey Club stables, was fined \$10 by Mr. Wood at the Magistracy this morning for allowing two dogs to be at large without muzzles.

The defendant, who pleaded not guilty, said he was standing at his gate with the dogs when a "wretched mongrel" ran by and the dogs chased it. He sent out two men who brought back the dogs. They had been out less than 30 seconds.

Inspector Gordon said the dogs were out long enough to bite a boy.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

An international women's conference will shortly be held in Holland to discuss various questions in connection with the war.

An exceedingly interesting article entitled "1870," giving some disclosures of Bismarck's diplomacy about that time, appears on pages 2 and 3.

Lord Robert Cecil, in a letter to his constituents at Hitchin, denies that he has been asked to allow himself to be nominated for the Speakership.

With the increase by 30 per cent. in the price of beer in Berlin there has been an almost corresponding diminution in its quality, the liquor now consumed being watered down to more than 20 per cent. of its former strength.

Several ladies with liberal degrees have been sent from Holland to take up positions under the Government of the Netherlands Indies. They will be engaged in the offices of various Government Departments, including the record office.

F. Bachelo, summoned by Inspector Sim for riding a pony to the common danger at Kowloon City Road, gave an address at 8 Robinson Road which had a once been reported as being incorrect. The summons was adjourned sine die.

The 11th Hussars have as regimental mascot a Russian bear, now nearly a year old. The animal has been sent to the Clifton Zoological Gardens for safe keeping during the war, and is reported to have become a great favourite with the visitors and the staff.

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Inspector Gordon said the dogs were out long enough to bite a boy.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

The death is announced from wounds of Major F. A. Dickinson, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.

Commander Basil Tylor, R.N., Harbourmaster, who has been accepted for active service, will leave on the P. and O. s.s. Malta next week.

Mr. H. G. McKenzie, of the Robinson Piano Co., left to-day by the s.s. Haitian for Foochow. He proceeds later to Tientsin, to which branch of the firm's business he has been transferred.

Miss Nell Fraser, the well-known Scottish International golfer, and Captain of the Scottish International side, has died of fever in Serbia, where she had volunteered as a nurse and chauffeur with the St. Andrew's Ambulance Association.

THE FOWITT-PHILLIPS COMPANY.

The Fowitt-Phillips Company added another success to their list last night at the Theatre Royal with the production of "Raffles," the dramatized version of Mr. Hornung's well-known story. There was a large audience who repeatedly expressed their appreciation of the talent of this capable company by loudly applauding every scene. The play was an encounter with the American sleuthhound (Mr. Cyril Radwin) gave the piece a fascinating interest. Mr. Jack Vallance was also a favourite as the professional cracksmen and Mr. Jack Engler was successful as the country gentleman of retiring habits. Miss Gertrude Godard, as the former accomplice of Raffles, provided an excellent study as the neglected and revengeful lover. To-night "Nobody's Daughter" will be staged.

"MY FRIEND LUTHER."

Kaisers' Homily on "Our Allies up Above."

Amsterdam.—The "Danziger Zeitung" published the following address by the Kaiser, which was delivered after Divine service in the park of the Castle of Nijmegen in Russian Poland, and was taken down in shorthand by an officer: "Soldiers, a hard task is laid on you. We have to move again to the West. Germany's right to existence. There should be no over-estimation of the enemy, nor under-estimation of our own strength. We Prussians are already accustomed to fight against and overcome a superior enemy."

"We should trust firmly in our great allies up above, who will help us to victory. We know from childhood, and in our study of history, when grown up we have learned, that God is only on the side of the believing armies. Thus it was under the Great Elector, and under old Fritz, and in the time of my grandfather and grandfather, and so it is now under me."

"As a great Soldierman, and as my friend Luther declared, 'A man with God is always in the majority.'"

TIPS FOR TO-MORROW.

RACING SELECTIONS FOR THE GYMKHANA.

Half Mile Race:
Kukri,
Thurleston and Lucky Gem.
Gymkhana Stakes:
Roman Chief,
Maybey and Duke Dahlia.
One Mile Race:
Kukri,
Castellan and Thurleston.
Polo Pony Stakes:
Sir Galahad,
Tipperary and Wincanton.
One and a Quarter Mile Handicap:
Maybey,
Tinker and Castellan.
Dorrie Ram.

PRINCE OF WALES' FUND.

Subscription List No. 23.	
Arcadian Bathing Party	24.50
Dr. G. D. R. Back	50.00
Staff Assistant Postmaster	208.00
(S.C.) L. (March)	456.00
Staff-Yahoo Dockyard	15.00
Mr. S. G. Newall	100.00
Mr. A. Shelton Hooper	28.00
Express Account Dept.	
Naval Yard	28.00
Mr. R. D. Harvey's Fund	
Collected by Mrs. B. Eustace (March)	
Mr. J. A.	7.50
Mr. F. M. Crawford	5
Mr. G. J. Harman	5
Mr. Lam Tam San	3
Mr. E. J. Anisale	3
Mr. Lam Shan Shan	3
Mr. F. H. Fisher	3
Mr. B. A. Stanford	3
Mr. H. E. Scriven	3
Mr. R. D. Bridger	3
Mr. Duncan Clark	2
Mr. J. C. England	2
Mr. B. W. Cornack	2
Mr. B. Ballock	1.50
Mr. A. E. Paine	5
Mr. A. H. Skelton	25
Collected by Mr. C. E. Warren (March)	
Mr. H. Stainfield	5
Mr. R. H. Hanson	5
Mr. A. J. Walters	5
Mr. A. A. Cordeiro	3
Mr. J. Ascock	3
Mr. A. J. Lindberg	2
Mr. E. James	2
Mr. D. D. E. . . .	2
Mr. J. A. Xavier	2
Mr. C. E. Warren	2
Mr. C. E. Warren	2
Mr. C. W. Olson	1
Mr. J. Olson	1
Collected by Mr. J. Arnold (March)	
Capt. R. A. Bires	3
Mr. J. Stojan	2
Mr. C. P. Archer	4
Mr. W. W. Valentine	5
Mr. G. Kew	5
Mr. J. B. Holloway	5
Mr. J. Wilson	10
Capt. A. C. Smith	5
Collected by T. Carr Ramsey (Saturday, March)	
Mr. G. D. Pittipoon	15.50
W. G. Lay	20
J. M. Forbes	20
C. Hodgson	10
T. B. McLachlan	10
Barker	10
A. MacGowan	10
G. H. Fletcher	10
H. Marshall	10
H. G. Hobson	10
Mr. W. G. Lay	10
Mr. J. Yee See	10
J. A. Pearce	5
C. S. Holdsworth	5
A. R. Pollock	5
H. Walton	5
Mr. P. K. Brownrigg	5
Yan Ching Yang	5
Miss Davidson	5
Miss T. Carr Ramsey	5
Tan Eon He	5
Lim Mark Chuan	5
Heng Tek Mong	5
Mr. R. G. Murdoch	10
Mr. C. E. Wood	10
Tan Yee Kiu	5
Member of the E. P. Mission	28
C. M. Customs Staff—	
Swatow	5
Capt. Strangman	5
Mr. H. E. MacGowan	5
Mr. N. Ellis	5
Mr. T. J. Edwards	5
Mr. W. Howard	5
Mr. R. S. Samuels	5
Mr. J. P. . . .	5
Mr. G. Grasso	5
F. A. Rosario	3
B. Galvan	3
N. O'Brien	3
S. O'Brien	3
H. Yabaki	2
S. Fugimoto	2
Dr. and Mrs. Brangwin (Donation)	50
S. B. . . .	4
Less diff. in exchange.	430.50
Stow cy. . . .	32.25 397.27
Collected by Mr. L. D. Harvey:	
Mr. L. D. Harvey	10
J. H. Peckham	10
E. F. Lyle	15
Capt. Lesmas	10
H. B. . . .	5
Mr. H. L. Griffiths	10
Already acknowledged Lists	
1/27	236,708.56 628,259.73
Monthly Subscriptions	318.00
Already acknowledged Lists	
1/27	37,389.00 37,707.04
Remitted to London—	
£17,000 @ 1/8 3/16	
7,000 @ 1/8 3/16 & 1/10	
24,000	268,174.61
Balance in hand	7,702.18
Hongkong, 15th April, 1915.	
N. J. STABBS.	

Collected by Mr. C. E. Warren (March)
Mr. H. Stainfield 5
Mr. R. H. Hanson 5
Mr. A. J. Walters 5
Mr. A. A. Cordeiro 3
Mr. J. Ascock 3
Mr. A. J. Lindberg 2
Mr. E. James 2
Mr. D. D. E. . . . 2
Mr. J. A. Xavier 2
Mr. C. E. Warren 2
Mr. C. E. Warren 2
Mr. C. W. Olson 1
Mr. J. Olson 1

Collected by Mr. J. Arnold (March)
Capt. R. A. Bires 3
Mr. J. Stojan 2
Mr. C. P. Archer 4
Mr. W. W. Valentine 5
Mr. G. Kew 5
Mr. J. B. Holloway 5
Mr. J. Wilson 10
Capt. A. C. Smith 5

Collected by T. Carr Ramsey (Saturday, March)
Mr. G. D. Pittipoon 15.50
W. G. Lay 20
J. M. Forbes 20
C. Hodgson 10
T. B. McLachlan 10
Barker 10
A. MacGowan 10
G. H. Fletcher 10
H. Marshall 10
H. G. Hobson 10
Mr. W. G. Lay 10
Mr. J. Yee See 10
J. A. Pearce 5
C. S. Holdsworth 5
A. R. Pollock 5
H. Walton 5
Mr. P. K. Brownrigg 5
Yan Ching Yang 5
Miss Davidson 5
Miss T. Carr Ramsey 5
Tan Eon He 5
Lim Mark Chuan 5
Heng Tek Mong 5
Mr. R. G. Murdoch 10
Mr. C. E. Wood 10
Tan Yee Kiu 5
Member of the E. P. Mission 28
C. M. Customs Staff—
Swatow 5
Capt. Strangman 5
Mr. H. E. MacGowan 5
Mr. N. Ellis 5
Mr. T. J. Edwards 5
Mr. W. Howard 5
Mr. R. S. Samuels 5
Mr. J. P. . . . 5
Mr. G. Grasso 5
F. A. Rosario 3
B. Galvan 3
N. O'Brien 3
S. O'Brien 3
H. Yabaki 2
S. Fugimoto 2
Dr. and Mrs. Brangwin (Donation) 50
S. B. . . . 4

Less diff. in exchange.
Stow cy. . . . 32.25 397.27
Collected by Mr. L. D. Harvey:
Mr. L. D. Harvey 10
J. H. Peckham 10
E. F. Lyle 15
Capt. Lesmas 10
H. B. . . . 5
Mr. H. L. Griffiths 10
Already acknowledged Lists
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Monthly Subscriptions 318.00
Already acknowledged Lists
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Remitted to London—
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7,000 @ 1/8 3/16 & 1/10
24,000 268,174.61
Balance in hand
£7,702.18
Hongkong, 15th April, 1915.
N. J. STABBS.

A PARENTS' DUTY.
YOUR boy is always getting scratched or cut or bruised. Because these wounds have healed all right in no time they always will. Get a bottle of Chambrin's Pain Balm and see that every injury is cured for immediately. You can get nothing better, and blood poison is too dangerous a disease to risk. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

BRITISH CASUALTIES TILL APRIL 11.

LORD KITCHENER AND CONSCRIPTION.

BERLIN OFFICIALS QUARREL OVER SUBMARINE FRIGHTFULNESS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

BRITISH CASUALTIES.

London, April 15.
In the House of Commons, Mr. H. J. Tennant, Under-Secretary for War, announced that the British casualties to April 11 totalled 189,847.

HOW TO AVERT CONSCRIPTION.

London, April 15, 1.5 p.m.
The Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers states that Lord Kitchener told the Society's executive that the most effective way to avert conscription was to fill the workshops of the country for the production of munitions.

"SUBMARINE FRIGHTFULNESS"

QUARRELS REGARDING IT IN BERLIN.

London, April 15, 1.5 p.m.
It is stated in Rotterdam, from a diplomatic source, that there have been quarrels in Berlin on the subjects of the policy of submarine frightfulness. Count von Bethmann Hollweg opposed the idea, of which Admiral von Tirpitz was the originator, and it was only after a long struggle that the Imperial assent was obtained. Count von Bethmann Hollweg is still in disagreement with it, and the vacillating conduct of the pirates is due to the varying orders issued by the German authorities.

WHY COTTON IS NOT CONTRABAND.

London, April 14.
The Hon. Neil Primrose, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced in the House of Commons that the military advantages to be obtained in declaring cotton contraband were insufficient to render the step expedient.

HONOURING A BRAVE BRITISH CREW.

London, April 15.
The Lord Mayor of Liverpool, in the Town Hall on Monday, will present to the captain and crew of the "City of Cambridge," 2500 sterling in appreciation of their seamanship in escaping from a submarine on March 28 after being chased two hours. They were shelled constantly and damaged considerably and yet, though the speed was slow, they always got the submarine astern. The steamer went twice round the compass in manoeuvring.

GOOD WORK BY THE FRENCH ARTILLERY.

London, April 16.
A Paris communique states: At Avillers near La Boisselle our heavy artillery completely destroyed the enemy's trenches and shelters. We progressed northward at Louch 1,500 metres towards Schepfen-Riethkopf, south-east of Metz.

THE LOYAL JEWS OF ENGLAND.

London, April 15, 1.5 p.m.
The Lord Chief Justice, Lord Reading, speaking at a Jewish recruiting meeting at Shore-ditch, mentioned that 11,000 Jews are serving with the forces.
A message from Lord Kitchener, paying a tribute to the work of the Jewish Recruiting Committee, was read.

BRITISH VICTORY IN MESOPOTAMIA.

London, April 14.
It is officially announced that 23,000 Turks, Kurds, and Arabs, with 28 guns, attacked the British at Shatila, in Mesopotamia, on Monday and Tuesday. The British assumed the offensive on Tuesday and drove the enemy northward, capturing eighteen officers and 800 men, two guns, and several standards.
The British casualties on Monday were none killed, four British officers, 23 men and 65 Indians wounded.

THE FIGHTING ON THE YSER.

BRILLIANT ACTION OF FRENCH AND BELGIAN TROOPS.

London, April 15, 1.5 p.m.
Details have been received of the fighting on the Yser during the week-end. A two days battle was begun by a small party of Germans, who, by the rule of crossing the Yser, delivered a bold attack, under cover of which reinforcements were rushed up. The Belgians were in danger of being overwhelmed, but French troops went to their assistance, and as the German main bodies were pushing forward, the British left wing delivered an attack. With the bayonet they drove the Germans along the right bank of the Yser, and this weakened the enemy further down the river. The French and Belgians were then able to hurl them back across the stream, beyond the canal, and here, on the open ground, the Allied artillery caused awful slaughter. As the result of the battle the Allied lines on the Yser were advanced a mile. Civilian help had to be fetched to assist in burying the German dead lying behind the lines of the Allies, whose losses were comparatively insignificant.

GENEROUS GIFT FROM AUSTRALIA.

London, April 15, 1.5 p.m.
Reuter's Melbourne correspondent telegraphed that the Commonwealth Government had presented to the War Office a hospital of one thousand beds with personnel.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE ZEPPELIN RAID ON ENGLAND.

ZEPPELIN RAID OVER NORTHUMBERLAND COAST.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

London, April 15, 1 a.m.
A Zeppelin raid was made on the outskirts of Blyth, Northumberland, last night.
Several bombs were dropped.
No details, so far.

LATER.
Zeppelin bombs were also dropped at Wallsend, Sentonburn and Crumlington.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

A COMPLETE FAILURE.

As stated in our Second Edition last night, Zeppelins raided the Northumberland coast late on Wednesday night.

Bombs were dropped on Blyth and Wallsend. The town of North Shields was in darkness in anticipation of a raid.

A Newcastle telegram states that the Zeppelin was sighted at eight o'clock in the evening. It passed quietly over Blyth and dropped twenty bombs on a colliery in the district, a few miles inland. The only damage done was to cause slight fires, which were quickly extinguished, and a cycle was smashed. There were no casualties.

The Zeppelin disappeared seaward. The district throughout was in darkness, but everything was normal by eleven in the evening.

LITTLE DAMAGE DONE.

The inhabitants of Blyth thought that the Zeppelin was a British air vessel, as it crossed the town quietly. But, shortly afterwards, they were undeceived when they saw flashes and heard an explosion a few miles inland.

Eight bombs were dropped on Choppington, Bedlington and Senton-de-Laval, but the only damage done was the setting fire to a stack of hay.

Other bombs were dropped on Arncliffe, Senton Burn, and Killingworth, but the only damage done was the setting fire to an outhouse at Senton Burn, which was quickly extinguished.

The airship then went towards the Tyne.

Two bombs which were dropped at Beaton fell into a field smashing a cycle, a splinter slightly injuring the cyclist.

Six bombs were dropped on Wallsend, causing four small fires. One fell on a house and brought down the ceiling.

Another caused a fire on the railway delaying the traffic for a few minutes. The airship which crossed the Tyne dropped two bombs without causing any damage, and then returned seawards.

The lights were extinguished in the towns, the trams were stopped and the telegraphic service was also suspended during the visitation.

No lives were lost.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

None Killed and None Seriously Hurt.

All reports give tribute to the exemplary behaviour of the people during the raid. There was no trace of fear or panic. Precautions were taken quickly, speedily and successfully. The latest estimates that the damage was trifling in confirm. No one was killed and no one seriously hurt. The bombs were most of an incendiary nature, eighteen inches long. The appearance of the Zeppelin proved a great attraction at a recruiting meeting at Blyth. A clergyman, speaking when the air ship was observed, turned the incident to good account.

BRITISH IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

SPEECH BY MR. L. HARCOURT.

London, April 14.
The Right Hon. Mr. Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in introducing the House of Commons that there would be no Imperial Conference this year but that the Dominions would be most fully consulted with regard to the terms of peace, said:—If the House will permit me, I will state exactly what has happened in relation to this matter. After the war had broken out the Imperial Government assumed that it would not be convenient to any of the parties that a normal conference should meet on its due date in the month of May this year, but no communications on the matter have passed between us and the Dominions. Early in December I was made aware, privately, that the Premier of the Commonwealth of Australia favoured a meeting of the conference during, and in spite of, the war. I communicated the fact, also privately, to the Premiers of the Dominions, and they unanimously agreed with us that the holding of the conference this year, during hostilities, would be difficult, if not impossible, and in two cases at least the attendance of Ministers would be impracticable.

I then informed the Hon. Sir A. Fisher (Premier of the Commonwealth of Australia) that in view of the practical unanimity of opinion we hoped that he would recognise its force. The Premier replied that he did not wish to press the matter. A few days ago the Hon. Sir A. Fisher was reported as saying, with reference to the Imperial Conference:—"What the British Government considers the correct thing is good enough for my Government. That is all I have to say." In a private letter to me he wrote: "I cheerfully fall in with the decision not to hold an Imperial Conference this year, though I am not able to convince myself that the reasons given for the postponement are sufficient. However, we have a policy for this trouble that gets over all difficulties. When the King's business will not fit with our lines we do not press them." That is an admirable example of the spirit in which the Dominions deal with Imperial affairs during the war.

In all these communications I referred only to what I carefully called a "normal conference," by which I meant a full conference, with all the paraphernalia of miscellaneous resolutions, protracted sittings, shorthand reports and the resulting bluebooks. That is the sort of conference which we thought essential to present conditions. But in January, when intimating its postponement to the various Dominions, I telegraphed to each Governor-General: "Will you at the same time inform your Prime Minister that it is the intention of the Imperial Government to consult him most fully, and, if possible, personally, when the time arrives to discuss possible terms of peace?" I used hardly add that I intend to observe the spirit as well as the letter of this declaration, which, I believe, has given complete satisfaction to the Governments of the Dominions. I exceeded the ordinary limits of an answer to the question in order that the position as regards the Imperial Conference may be as plain to the public as it is to those Governments.

PROMOTIONS FROM THE RANKS.

London, April 14.
In the House of Commons, Mr. H. J. Tennant (Parliamentary Under-Secretary to the War Office), said that since the beginning of the war there had been 1,616 promotions from the ranks, and all were satisfactory.

THE "WILHELMINA" CASE.

London, April 14.
An agreement has been reached in the *Wilhelmina* case, Great Britain purchasing the cargo, compensating the owners and releasing the vessel.

GERMAN COUNTER-ATTACKS REPULSED.

London, April 15.
The evening *communiqués* says: German counter-attacks at Perthes, Les Eparges, Bois d'Ailly and Bois Montmartre were all repulsed. We captured prisoners, many rifles and a gun.

BRITISH TREASURY BILLS.

London, April 14.
The prices at which the Treasury are prepared to issue Bills are:—Three months, £99.0s. 2d.; six months, £98.3s. 7d.; nine months, £97.9s. 6d.; which are equal to 2½, 3, and 3½ per cent. per annum respectively.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MORE GERMAN PIRACY AND MURDER.

BRITISH AND DUTCH STEAMERS TORPEDOED.

London, April 15.
The British steamer "Patriarch" has been torpedoed off the Dutch coast. Eleven only out of a crew of twenty-two were saved.

A message from Amsterdam states that the Germans have torpedoed and sunk the Dutch steamer "Katwijk." The Noordhinder lightship saved the crew. The "Katwijk" was taken with American grain consigned to the Dutch Government.

OPERATIONS IN CARPATHIANS.

LONDON, April 15.

An official Petrograd *communiqué* states:—Fighting continues in the region of the Uzok Pass. Repeated enemy counter-attacks on the heights south of Volosovo were repulsed and a thousand prisoners were taken. The attempts of the enemy to resume the offensive in Bukovina, in the region of Chernowice, failed everywhere. The Spring thaw is destroying the roads.

DARDANELLES OPERATIONS RESUMED.

H.M.S. TRIUMPH'S SUCCESSFUL BOMBARDMENT.

H.M.S. *Renard* on Monday entered the Dardanelles for scouting purposes and went at full speed for ten miles up the Straits. This is probably further than any of the ships which have hitherto proceeded up the Straits. The vessel was subjected to a very heavy fire but was not hit.

H.M.S. *London* followed and drew most of the fire from the batteries on the Asiatic side of the Straits especially. The Howitzer behind Erekeut were active, but the European side was quiet. It is possible that the Turks have withdrawn part of their artillery from here in order to mass it quickly at any spot which the Allied armies may choose for landing.

A battery was bombarded by the H.M.S. *Triumph* (the China Coast flag-ship on Saturday, and is apparently permanently out of action).

The weather has been rainy and murky, hindering aerial reconnaissance.

THE FRENCH CONSOLIDATE THEIR GAINS.

LONDON, April 15, 5 p.m.

A French *communiqué* states: We had the advantage in local trench fighting in the Argonne. Our ascendancy here is ever increasing. The Germans bombarded our positions at Les Eparges, but did not attack. Our latest progress at Bois d'Ailly made us masters of a portion of the principal German trench, and north of this trench a strip of ground 400 metres long by 100 metres deep. We have consolidated our latest gains at Bois de Mortmare and Bois la Prete.

(Havas Service.)

PARIS, April 14.

French stock now stands at 72.80.

M. Viviani, the French Premier, in the course of a speech, said that the terms of peace should be considered only when the aggressors and invaders had been ejected from Belgium, her territorial unity recovered, Prussian militarism broken and Europe cleared of the yoke which is still oppressing her.

MEAT FROM AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, April 14.

The *Gazette* announces that the Government has requisitioned all the refrigerating space on British vessels coming from Australia.

BRITISH CEREAL SUPPLIES.

LONDON, April 14.

It is officially announced that in order to avoid interference with normal trading, the Government has decided to buy no more wheat, believing that they can rely on the corn trade supply for the country's requirements for the remainder of the cereal year.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Col. A. Chapman, V.D.

JOINED.

Pte. A. H. G. Jackson joined the Corps on 16th April, and was posted to Scouts Company.

10 *POUNDS* only practice, 24, 4, 15.

Nov. 1 and 2 Section Artillery Battery and Left Section M. O. Co. parade at Headquarters at 1 p.m. Dress, Helmets, Khaki shirts and shorts will be worn.

Arrangements will be made for carrying jackets. Waterbottles (filled) to be carried.

UNIFORM.

Helmets will be worn at all parades and duties in the day-time until further notice.

PARADES.

Parades for Saturday, 17th instant, Nil.

DETAILS.

On duty at Volunteer Headquarters until 7 a.m. to-morrow H.K.V.R.

On duty from 7 a.m. to-morrow till 7 a.m. 24th inst.—Nos. 1 and 2 Sections.

Artillery Battery, Right and Centre Sections M. G. Co. and Civil Service Company.

Officers on duty Capt. W. M. Scott and Lieut. A. E. Wright.

Ordinary Officer Lieut. A. E. Wright. Ordinary Sergeant Corp. W. Brown.

GUARDS.

7 a.m. to 7 p.m. 17th inst. Civil Service Company.

7 p.m. 17th to 7 a.m. 18th inst. Nos. 1 and 2 Section Artillery Battery.

7 a.m. to 7 p.m. 18th inst. Right Section M. G. Co.

7 p.m. 18th to 7 a.m. 19th inst. Centre Section M. G. Co.

No leave (to return to Headquarters after 10.15 p.m.) can be granted to members of units on duty except for very urgent reasons.

SPECIAL POLICE RESERVE.

PARADES. Central Police Station.

To-day April 15—1st British Company and Nos. 1 and 2 Platoons of 1st Chinese Company, at 5.30 p.m. All with Arms.

Saturday April 17—India Platoon 3 p.m.

Monday April 19 and Tuesday April 20—Instructional and Parade for all N. O. Officers for all members wishing to compete for non-commissioned rank. Fall in at 5.15 p.m. 7 p.m.

PROMOTIONS.

Now that the first difficulties of organising the 250 men who have joined the Police Reserve are past, all future appointments and promotions and the retention of appointments already made will depend upon passing an examination on the Parade Ground.

Instructional Parades for N. O. Officers and candidates for promotion will from this date, be, if possible, held. These Parades are open to any member of any

Company who considers he will be able to do so.

On the present constitution of the Police Reserve, there should be the following appointments made:—Inspectors, 10 Crown Sergeants and 20 Sergeants.

Candidates will bear in mind that not the least among the qualifications of a good N. O. Officer is popularity. He must be himself smart in every thing he does and must be capable of performing his duties with tact and of treating his subordinates as gentlemen.

Candidates will kindly send their names direct to Inspector C. F. Mason, at 53 Queen's Road Central.

PROMOTIONS.

Crown Sergeant C. F. Mason to be Inspector.

Sergeant G. E. Roynance to be Crown Sergeant.

Sergeant E. H. Evans to be Crown Sergeant.

Leo D'Almeida e Castro to be Crown Sergeant.

A. F. B. Silva Netto to be Sergeant.

A. de S. Alves

C. M. de S. Alves

E. F. de S. Alves

F. O. Jenkins

A. S. P. (Reserve.)

A MONSTER SUBMARINE.

Russia's New Yessel.

A huge submarine, 4,000 ft. long, 34 ft. across the widest part, and of 5,400 tons displacement, is being constructed for the Russian Government. Some idea of the size of this monster may be gathered from the fact that it is eleven times as large as the next largest submarine, and longer than St. Paul's Cathedral in London. Engines of 16,000 h.p. will drive this new submarine at twenty-six knots when it is cruising on the surface, and a speed of fourteen knots will be obtainable from the 4,400 h.p. motors when it is submerged. Its cruising radius is 19,500 miles; it can run that distance without taking in fresh fuel, and it can travel 275 miles at a stretch under the surface. Sixty torpedoes, five 4.7 in. guns, and 120 mines are the weapons of war that this leviathan carries.—"Ex."

THE FORTY YEAR TEST.

An article must have exceptional merit to survive for a period of forty years.

Chamberlain's *Cough Remedy* was first offered to the public in 1872. From a small beginning it has grown in favour and popularity until it has obtained a world wide reputation. You will find nothing better for a cough or cold. Try it and you will understand why it is a favorite after a winter of more than forty years.

Chamberlain's *Cough Remedy* not only gives relief, it cures. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

NEW GERMAN MINISTER TO CHINA.

London, April 14.

The Berlin *Lokal-Anzeiger* announces that Rear Admiral Harme has been appointed Minister to China.

NEW VICEROY OF IRELAND.

London, April 14.

Lord and Lady Wimborne made a State entry into Dublin and received the warmest welcome from all classes.

(Wah Teo Yat Po's Service.)

A SUPER-TAX SUGGESTED.

PEKING, April 16.

Hu Chai-ying, Governor of Fukien Province, has suggested the imposition of a poll tax upon the wealthy gentry. The suggestion has been referred to the Financial Department.

BONDS.

The Bank of China and Bank of Communications have bought up all the unsold bonds of the recent issue.

AN AMALGAMATION SUGGESTED.

The Financial Department proposes to absorb the Tax Bureau. The President has ordered the Political Association to discuss the proposal.

THE MILITIA SYSTEM.

The Minister for the Interior has telegraphed instructions to the provincial Governors to report upon the progress of the militia system.

SELF GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS.

Regulations for local self-government have been promulgated by mandate.

HONOUR FOR EDUCATIONALIST.

Chan Sun-hoi, a Hupchi gentleman, has been decorated with the Fourth Class of the order of Ku Wo for giving funds for the establishment of a University.

PARTNERS CHARGED.

That of Firm's Goods Alleged.

The hearing of the charge of the larceny of binoculars, signboards, etc., preferred against Kwok To and Chun Chuen, partners in the Wing Kee firm, was continued this afternoon in Mr. Wood's court. The articles, defendants were charged with stealing, belong to the Trustees (1) Bankruptcy, and formerly were the property of the Wing Kee firm.

Mr. P. W. Goldring, prosecutor on behalf of Hung Mak Hei, the complainant, and Mr. W. B. Hind (of Mr. G. K. Hall Reuben's office) appeared for the defence.

Recalled, Hung Mak Hei stated that the list produced at the last hearing was the actual list handed to him since he made his tender, and received from Mr. Sells, the interim receiver.

Kwok Chik said he was appointed to manage the Fung Kee and Wing Kee businesses by Mr. Sells on October 19. One of the articles alleged to be stolen was a signboard, which witness said formerly belonged to the Tung Kee. Some signboards, photographs and binoculars he identified as the property of the same firm.

Mr. Goldring: It is suggested you handed over these things to the defendant?

Witness answered in the negative.

Mr. Hind questioned witness about a \$200,000 which witness said was for the use of the company. He did not say defendant could have the receipts and it was not arranged that \$200 should be the price of the receipts; nor did he have a receipt from Mr. Sells for the remaining \$300.

The case was again adjourned.

DENTISTS AT THE FRONT.

Up to the present, the *British Dental Journal* has given the names of 172 dental surgeons and about 300 dental students and pupils arriving with the Forces at the front. Of the dental practitioners, 40 are in the front line, 40 are in the B.A.M.C. and 65 are in other capacities. Of the students, 45 are in the B.A.M.C. and 40 are in other capacities. In all, 100 up to the present, between twenty and thirty (many dentists have been appointed temporary lieutenants.

To-day's Advertisements

HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE will be held on MONDAY 26th April, 1915, at 4 o'clock p.m., precisely, in the OLD CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ROOM, (CITY HALL), for the following purposes:—
(1) To receive the Report and Accounts of the Committee for the year ended 31st December, 1914.
(2) To elect a new Committee.
(3) To transact any General Business.
By Order,
E. A. M. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Hongkong, April 15, 1915. 349

HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a GENERAL MEETING of MEMBERS will be held in the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ROOM, CITY HALL, on MONDAY the 26th April, at 4.30 p.m., when the following Resolution will be put and if carried will have effect from one of the Chamber's Rules and Regulations:—
"That Clause III of the Rules and Regulations of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, be altered, to read:—
"from January 1st, 1915, to read:—
All Mercantile Firms, and persons engaged or interested in the trade of Hongkong or China, shall be eligible for admission as Members in the manner hereafter described, and on payment of \$20 for Fines, and \$25 for single individuals for the current year of their election, and a like annual subscription thereafter, Payable on 1st January.
E. A. M. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.
Hongkong, April 16, 1915. 350

THE NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

HONGKONG AGENCY.

HOLDERS of Orders for the Return Voyage issued by the above Company are hereby notified that the Undersigned will pay on and after TUESDAY the 20th day of April, 1915, the amount stated on such orders being the difference between full single and return fares.

Orders for the return voyage issued at Agencies of the Company other than the Hongkong Agency cannot be recognised.

Claims for refund of passage money in respect of return orders not noticed to the Liquidator should be immediately filed.

LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS,
Liquidators.
Hongkong, April 16, 1915. 345

THE EASTERN ASBESTOS CO.

Sole Agents for

THE HOYT METAL CO.

of Great Britain, Limited.

HOYT'S STANDARD BABBIT OR ANTI-FRICTION METALS FOR INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES, MARINE ENGINES, LAND ENGINES, and GENERAL USE.

Particulars and Prices on Application.

4 QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, HONGKONG.

Telegrams "Corrugated" Telephone No. 501.

TRUTHS

ABOUT TANSAN

—SOME POINTS WORTH REMEMBERING—

WILKINSON'S TANSAN

NATURE'S MOST BOUNTIFUL GIFT—

IS THE CHOICEST OF ALL CHOICE

WATERS

THIS IS NO IDEAL BOAST, IT IS SO.

WILKINSON'S TANSAN secured 100% marks for purity at the Taisho Exhibition this year.

WILKINSON'S TANSAN has won 3 Gold Medals this year.

WILKINSON'S TANSAN has been declared by Japan's leading Analysts (who have signed a statement to the effect) "The Purest Natural Mineral Water in Japan."

WILKINSON'S TANSAN has by means of the latest scientific process been proved to contain a larger percentage of Radium than any other known mineral water.

DRINK WILKINSON'S TANSAN

EVERY DAY FOR GOOD HEALTH.

The Clifford-Wilkinson Tansan Mineral Water Co., Ltd., KOBE.

SOLE AGENTS

GANDE, PRICE & Co. Ltd

EXAMPLE

Monday, April 16, 1915.

On London—
Bank Wire 1/- 9½
 " On demand 1/- 9½
 " 30 days' sight... .. 1/- 9½
 " 4 months' sight... .. 1/- 10½
Credit, & months' sight, ... 1/- 10½
Documentary, & months' sight 1/- 10½

On Paris—
On demand 230½
Credit, & months' sight, ... 241
On Berlin—
On demand ———

On New York—
On demand 43½
Credit, 60 days' sight, ... ———

On Bombay—
Wire 139½
On demand ———

On Calcutta—
Wire 136½
On demand ———

On Singapore—
On demand 77½

On Rangoon—
On demand 89½

On Shanghai—
On demand 78
30 days' sight (private paper) ... ———

On Yokohama—
On demand 89½

Gold Leaf, 100 fine (per tael) ... \$68.90
Sovereigns (Banks') Paying rate \$10.80 nom.
Silver (per oz.) 55½ d.
Chinese Copper Cash par.
Chinese Copper Cents 6 ¼ dia.
Rate of Native Interest 5 ½ p.a.
Chinese Sub. Coin 152 ¾ dia.
Hongkong Sub. Coin 12 ¾ dia.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

April 16, 1915.

Quantity or Area.	Value.	Paid up.	Closing Quotations Cash.	Return on Stock of High Dividend.
\$000	\$125	all	\$300 sellers	6 ½%
\$000	\$350	\$24	\$362½ buyers	6 ½%
\$000	\$115	\$5	Tls. 180 buyers	6 ½%
\$000	\$354	\$108	\$910 males	6 ½%
\$000	\$100	\$40	\$224 @ Ex. 73	
\$000	\$100	\$30	\$197½ buyers	7 ½%
\$000	\$350	\$45	\$380 byrs	7 ½%
\$000	\$25	all	\$37 buyers	5 ½%
\$000 Tls. 180	all	Tls. 53		
\$000	\$20	all	\$35	
\$000	\$15	all	\$36 buyers	10 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$22½	4 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$43 buyers	
\$000	\$10	all	\$36 sellers	
\$1,610	\$1	all	\$17	8 ½%
\$000	\$100	all	\$112 sellers	
\$000	\$100	all	\$25 sellers	
\$000	\$5	all	\$30	5 ½%
\$000 Tls. 180	all	Tls. 85		
\$000	\$100	all	\$112	5 ½%
\$000	\$100	all	\$100 sellers	
\$000	\$100	all	\$75	\$200
\$000 Tls. 50	\$40	all	Tls. 190 buyers	
\$000	\$40	all	\$40 buyers	7 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$64 buyers	8 ½%
\$000	\$20	all	\$68	8 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$1 buyers	5 ½%
\$000	\$15	\$1	\$1	
\$000	\$	all	35½ sellers	
\$000	\$	all	32½	
\$000	\$1	all	\$32 sellers	
\$000	\$50	all	\$118	4 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$7 sellers	10 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$41 buyers	4 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$67½ buyers	4 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$17	6 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$11 sellers	11 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$84 buyers	7 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$185 ex div.	5 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$204 byrs	6 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$6.70 buyers	
\$000 Tls. 50	all	Tls. 136 sales		
\$000	\$15	all	Tls. 37 buyers	
\$000	\$15	all	\$7.85 sellers	8 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$11 sellers	11 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$84 buyers	7 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$23	
\$000	\$15	all	\$4½ buyers	7 ½%
\$000	\$15	all	\$24 sellers	5 ½%
\$25,000	\$15	all	\$8.05 byrs	7 ½%
Value	Incent.	Quotations.		
TIA. 2507 ½ p annum Fax				
VERNON and SMITH, Share-Brokers.				
HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CO., Limited, by HOPKIN MERRILL BAYLY.				